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Religion is not always a protective factor for sexual minorites' menthal health: Role of

internalized homophobia

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Introduction

Religion is a protective factor against psychological distress¹ — Less suicidal ideation² & higher levels of well-being³



BUT ALSO

➡ Higher risk to commit or attempt suicide⁴ & higher levels of depression⁵



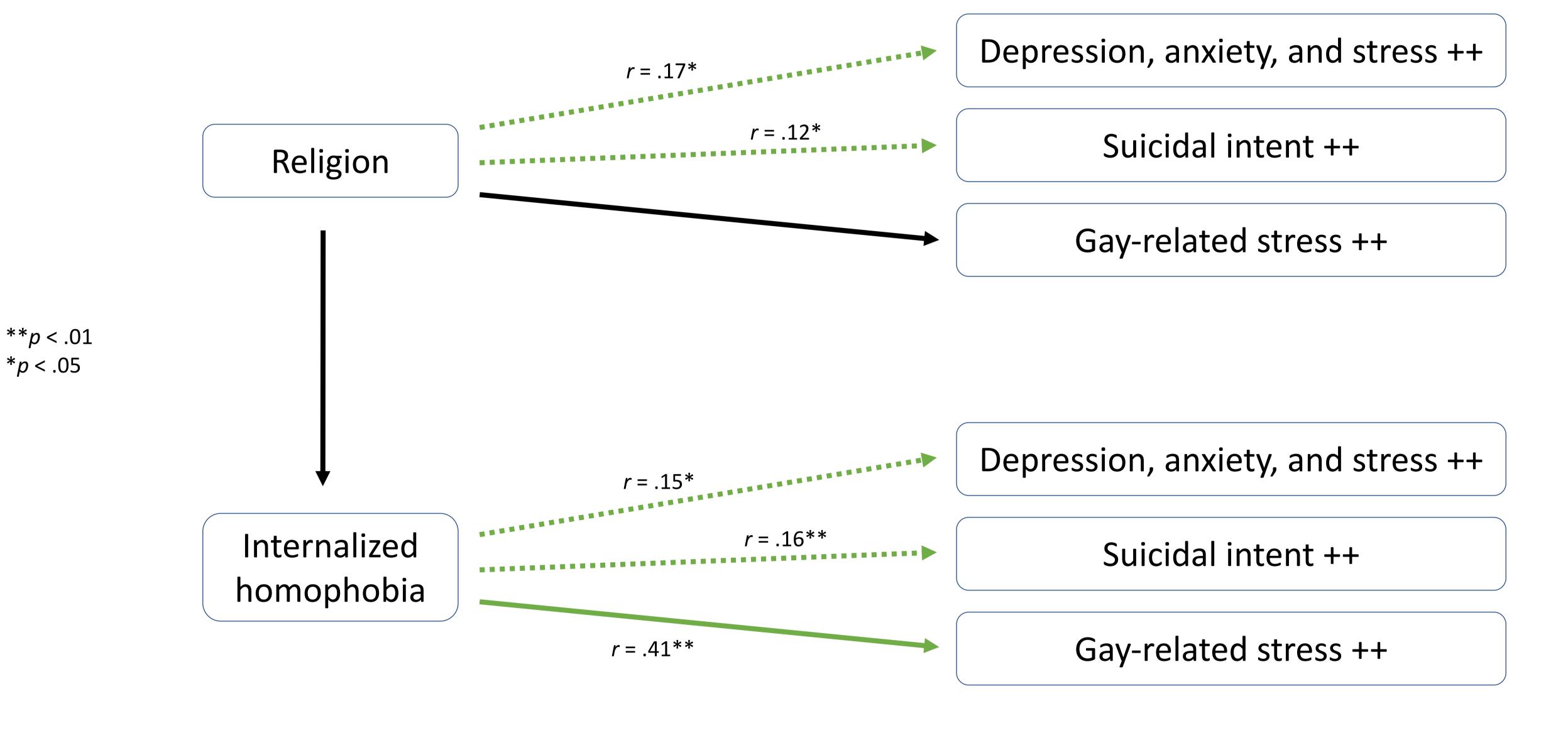
WHY this contradiction?

Religion is associated with negative perceptions and beliefs toward homosexuality⁶

May contribute to an internalization of a form of homophobia^{2,4}

Create a dissonance⁷ (incompatibility) between two identities (religous and sexual)⁸ Higher stress levels⁹ & higher depression^{10,11} and suicidal intent¹⁰

Hypotheses & Results



 $r_{IH,DASS} < r_{IH,Gay-related stress}$ ($t_{(356)} = -4,82, p < .00$)

Discussion

Religious population is not well represented in our sample (25%, N = 89)

May explain the weakness of correlations

The more religious sexual minorites people are,

the more depressed, anxious and stress they are

No demonstration of the religiosity's effects on gay-related stress

Congruent with the higher levels of depression discovered by ⁵ but incongruent with the positive effect found by ¹ and ³

These results confirm the variability and inconsistency of religion's effects on sexual minorities²

The more sexual minorities people internalize negative perceptions and beliefs toward homosexuality, the higher their gayrelated stress will be, which is congruent with ³,⁹, ¹⁰, and ¹¹

¹ Bonneli, R. M., & Koening, H. G. (2013). Mental disorders, religion, and spirituality 1990 to 2010: A systematic evidence-based review. Journal of Religion and suicide risk in lesbian, gay and bisexual Austrians. Journal of Religion and Health, 53, 413-423. ³Lefevor, G. T., Blaber I. P., Huffman, C. E., Schow, R. L., Beckstead, A. L., Raynes, M., & Rosik, C.H. (2020). The role of religiousness and beliefs about sexuality in well-being among sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4), 460-470. ⁴Gibbs, J. J., & Goldbach (2015). Religious sexual minority Mormons. Psychology of Religion & Spirituality, 12(4 conflict, sexual identity, and suicidal behaviors among LGBT young adults. Archives of Suicide Research, 19(4), 472-488. ⁵Dehlin, J. P., Galliher, R. V., Bradshaw, W. S., & Crowell, K. A. (2014). Psychosocial correlates of religious approaches to same-sex attraction: A Mormon perspective. Journal of Gay & Lesbian Mental Health, 18(3), 284-311. ⁶Rowatt, W. C., LaBouff, J., Johnson, J., Froese, P., & Tsang, J.-A. (2009). Associations among religiousness, social attitudes, and prejudice in a national random sample of American adults. Psychology of Religion and Spirituality, 1, 14-24. ⁷Festinger, L. (1957). A theory of cognitive dissonance. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press. ⁸Anderton, C. L., Pender, D. A., & Asner-Self, K. K. (2011). A review of the religious identity/sexual orientation identity conflict literature: Revisiting Fesnting's cognitive dissonance theory. Journal of LGBT Issues in Counseling, 5, 259-281. ⁹Cole, C., & Harris, H. W. (2017). The lived experiences of people who identify as LGBT Christians: Considerations for social work helping. Social Work & Christianity: An International Journal, 44(1-2), 31-52. ¹⁰Schuck, K. D., & Liddle, B. J. (2001). Religious conflicts experienced by lesbian, gay, and bisexual individuals. Journal of Gay & Lesbian Mental Health, 5, 63-82. ¹¹Heiden-Rootes, K. Wiegand, A., Thomas, D., Moore, R. M., & Ross, K. A. (2018). A national survey on depression, anxiety, internalized homophobia, college religiosity, and climate of acceptance on college campuses for sexual minority adults. Journal of Homosexuality, 67(4), 435-451.